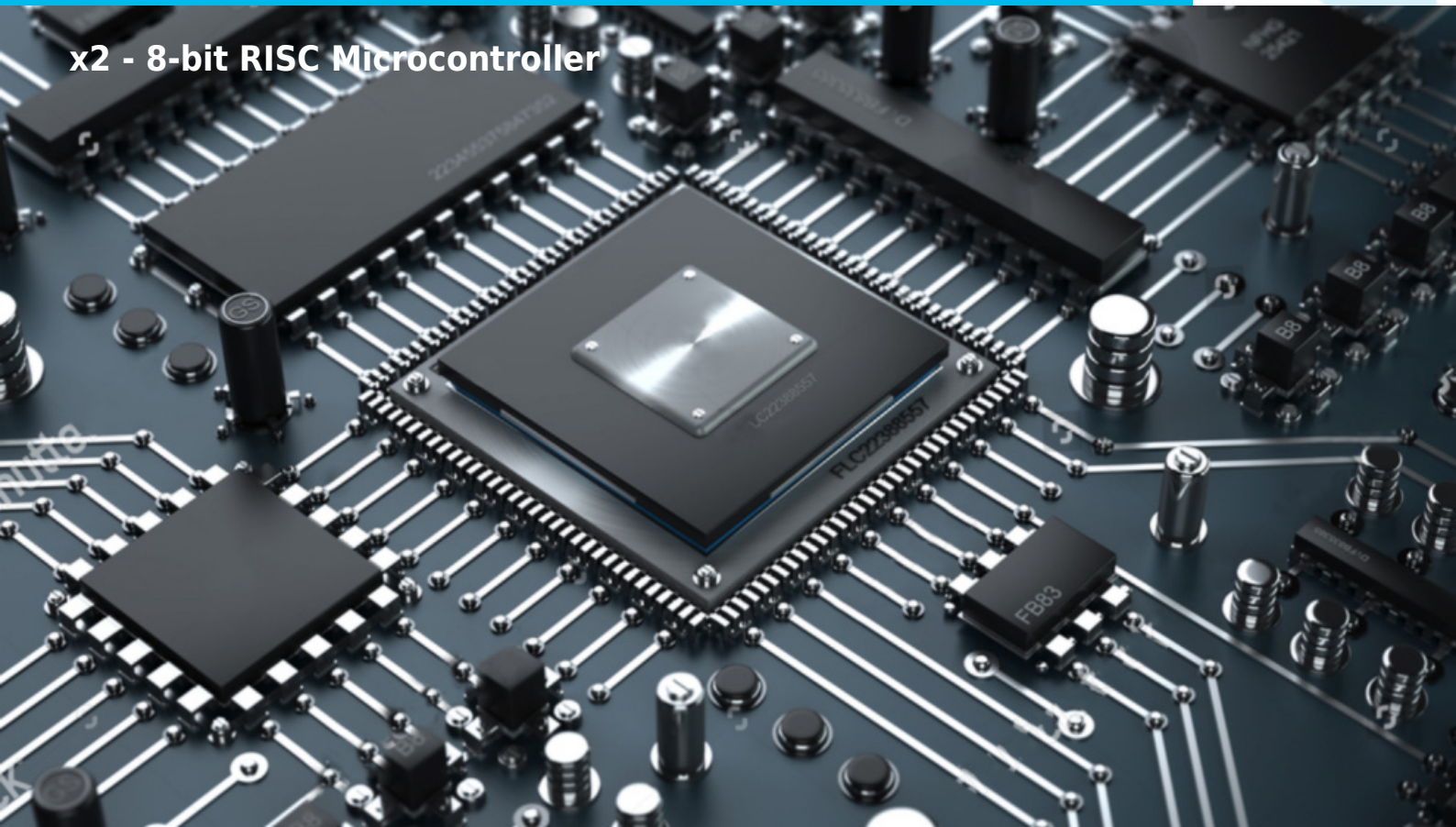




DFPIC1655X

x2 - 8-bit RISC Microcontroller



COMPANY OVERVIEW

DCD-SEMI is a leading IP Core provider and a System-on-Chip design house. The company was founded in 1999 and since the very beginning has been focused on IP Core architecture improvements. Our innovative, silicon proven solutions have been employed by over 300 customers and with more than 500 hundred licenses sold to companies like Intel, Siemens, Philips, General Electric, Sony and Toyota. Based on more than 70 different architectures, starting from serial interfaces to advanced microcontrollers and SoCs, we are designing solutions tailored to your needs.

IP CORE OVERVIEW

The DFPIC1655X is a **low-cost, high-performance**, 8-bit, fully static soft IP Core, intended to operate with fast memory. The core is designed with a special concern about low power consumption in combination with high performance. The DFPIC1655X is the software compatible with industry-standard PIC 16XXX Microcontrollers. It has a modified RISC architecture (**2 times faster than the original implementation**). It has **enhanced core features, a configurable hardware stack, and multiple internal and external interrupt sources**. Separate instruction and data buses allow a **14-bit wide instruction word with separate 8-bit wide data**. The power-down SLEEP mode allows you to reduce power consumption significantly and “wake up” the controller through several external and internal interrupts and resets. An integrated Watchdog Timer with its own dedicated clock signal provides protection against software lock-up. The DFPIC1655X Microcontroller fits perfectly in applications ranging from high-speed automotive and appliance motor control, to low-power remote transmitters/receivers, pointing devices, and telecom processors. Built-in power save mode and small area use in programmable devices, make this IP core perfect for applications with space and power consumption limitations. The DFPIC1655X is delivered with a **fully automated test bench** and a **complete set of tests**, allowing easy package validation at each stage of the SoC design flow. Each DCD’s PIC Core has built-in support for a Hardware Debug System called **DoCD™**. It is a **real-time hardware debugger**, which provides debugging capability of a whole System-on-Chip (SoC). Unlike other on-chip debuggers, the **DoCD™** provides non-intrusive debugging of a running application. It can halt, run, step into or skip an instruction, and read/write any contents of a microcontroller, including all registers, and SFRs, including user-defined peripherals, data, and program memories.

DESIGN FEATURES:

ALL DCD’S IP CORES ARE TECHNOLOGY INDEPENDENT WHICH MEANS THAT THEY ARE 100% COMPATIBLE WITH ALL FPGA & ASIC VENDORS E.G.

- **Altera / Intel,**
- **Xilinx / AMD,**
- **Lattice,**
- **Microsemi / Microchip,**
- **and others.**

- **TSMC**
- **UMC**
- **SK Hynix**
- **and others.**

CPU FEATURES

- Software compatible with PIC16C55X industry standard
- Harvard RISC architecture
 - **2 times faster comparing to the original implementation**
- 35 instructions
- 14 bit wide instruction word
- **Up to 32 kB of internal Data Memory**
- **Up to 64K bytes of Program Memory**
- Configurable hardware stack
- Power saving SLEEP mode
- Fully synthesizable
- Static synchronous design
- Positive edge clocking and no internal tri-states
- Scan test ready
- Technology independent HDL Source Code
- USB, Ethernet, I2C, SPI, UART, CAN, LIN, HDLC, Smart Card interfaces available

PERIPHERALS

- **Two 8 bit I/O ports**
 - *Four 8-bit corresponding TRIS registers*
 - *Interrupt feature on PORTB(7:4) change*
- **Timer 0**
 - *8-bit timer/counter*
 - *Readable and Writable*
 - *8-bit software programmable prescaler*
 - *Internal or external clock select*
 - *Interrupt generation on timer overflow*
 - *Edge select for external clock*
- **Watchdog Timer**
 - *Configurable Time out period*
 - *7-bit software programmable prescaler*
 - *Dedicated independent Watchdog Clock input*
- **Interrupt Controller**
 - *Three individually maskable Interrupt sources*
 - *External interrupt INT*
 - *Timer Overflow interrupt*
 - *Port B[7:4] change interrupt*
- **DoCD™ debug unit**
 - *Processor execution control*
 - *Run*
 - *Halt*
 - *Step into instruction*
 - *Skip instruction*
 - *Read-write all processor contents*
 - *Program Counter (PC)*
 - *Program Memory*
 - *Data Memory*
 - *Special Function Registers (SFRs)*
 - *Hardware Stack and Stack Pointer*
 - *Hardware execution breakpoints*
 - *Program Memory*
 - *Data Memory*

- *Special Function Registers (SFRs)*
- *Three wire communication interface*

OPTIONAL PERIPHERALS

Optional peripherals (not included in the presented DFPIC1655X Microcontroller Core) are also available. The optional peripherals can be implemented upon customer's request.

- **Full duplex UART**
- **SPI - Master and Slave Serial Peripheral Interface**
- **PWM - Pulse Width Modulation Timer**
- **I2C bus controller - Master**
- **I2C bus controller - Slave**
- **READY signal to for operation with slow program and data memories.**

UNITS SUMMARY

ALU - Arithmetic Logic Unit performs arithmetic and logic operations, during execution of an instruction. This module contains work register (W) and Status register.

Control Unit - It performs the core synchronization and data flow control. This module manages execution of all instructions. Performs decode and control functions for all other blocks. It contains program counter (PC) and hardware stack.

Hardware Stack - it's a configurable hardware stack. The stack space is neither part of program nor data space and the stack pointer is not readable or writable. The PC is pushed onto the stack, when CALL instruction is executed or an interrupt causes a branch. The stack is popped, during RETURN, RETFIE and RETLW instruction execution. The stack operates as a circular buffer. This means that after the stack has been pushed eight times, the ninth push overwrites the value, which was stored from the first push.

RAM Controller - It performs interface functions between Data Memory and DFPIC1655X internal logic. It assures correct Data memory addressing and data transfers. The DFPIC1655X supports two addressing modes: direct or indirect. In Direct Addressing the 9-bit direct address is computed from RP(1:0) bits (STATUS) and 7 least significant bits of instruction word.

Indirect addressing is possible, by using the INDF register. Any instruction using INDF register actually accesses data pointed to, by the file select register - FSR. Reading INDF register indirectly, will produce 00h. Writing to the INDF register indirectly, results in a no-operation. An effective 9-bit address is obtained by concatenating the IRP bit (STATUS) and the 8-bit FSR register.

Interrupt Controller - Interrupt Controller module is responsible for interrupt manage system, for the external and internal interrupt sources. It contains interrupt related register, called INTCON. The DFPIC1655X has three interrupt sources:

- External interrupt INT
- TMR0 overflow interrupt
- PORTB change interrupt (pins B7:B4)

The interrupt control register INTCON records individual interrupt requests in flag bits. A global interrupt enable bit, GIE enables all unmasked interrupts. Each interrupt source has an individual enable bit, which can enable or disable corresponding interrupt. When an interrupt is responded to, the GIE is cleared, to disable any further interrupt, the return address is pushed into the stack and the PC is loaded with 0004h. The interrupt flag bits must be cleared in software, before re-enabling interrupts.

Timer 0 - Main system's timer and prescaler. This timer operates in two modes: 8-bit timer or 8-bit counter. In the "timer mode", timer registers are incremented every 4 CLK periods. When the prescaler is assigned into the TIMER, pre-scale ratio can be divided by 2, 4 .. 256. In the "counter mode", the timer register is incremented every falling or rising edge of T0CKI pin, depending on T0SE bit in OPTION register.

Watchdog Timer- it's a free running timer. WDT has its own clock input, separate from system clock. It means, that the WDT will run, even if the system clock is stopped by execution of SLEEP instruction. During normal operation, a WDT time-out generates a Watchdog reset. If the device is in SLEEP mode, the WDT time-out causes the device to wake up and continue with normal operation.

I/O Ports - Block contains DFPIC1655X's general purpose I/O ports and data direction registers (TRIS). The DFPIC1655X has two 8-bit full bi-directional ports PORT A, PORT B. Read and write accesses to the I/O port are performed via their corresponding SFR's PORTA, PORTB. The reading instruction always reads the status of Port pins. Writing instructions always write into the Port latches. Each port's pin has a corresponding bit in TRISA and TRISB registers. When the bit of TRIS register is set, this means, that the corresponding bit of port is configured as an input (output drivers are set into the High Impedance).

DoCD™ - Debug Unit - it's a real-time hardware debugger, providing debugging capability of a whole SoC system. Unlike other on-chip debuggers **DoCD™** provides non-intrusive debugging of running application. It can halt, run, step into or skip an instruction, read/write any contents of microcontroller, including all registers, internal, external, program memories and all SFRs, including user defined peripherals. Hardware breakpoints can be set and controlled on program memory, internal and external data memories, as well as on SFRs. Hardware breakpoint is executed, if any write/read occurs at particular address, with certain data pattern or without pattern. The **DoCD™** system includes three-wire interface and complete set of tools, to communicate and work with core in real time debugging. It is built as scalable unit and some features can be turned off by the user, to save silicon and reduce power consumption. When debugger is not used, it is automatically switched to power save mode. Finally, when debug option is no longer used, whole debugger is turned off.

IMPROVEMENT

Most instructions of the DFPIC1655X are executed within 2 CLK cycles, except the conditional program memory branches in case when the condition of branch instruction is met. The following table shows sample instructions execution times.

Mnemonic operands	DFPIC1655X (CLK cycles)	PIC16C554 (CLK cycles)	Impr.
ADDWF	2	4	2
ANDWF	2	4	2
RLF	2	4	2
BCF	2	4	2
DECFSZ	2(4) ¹	4(8) ¹	2
INCFSZ	2(4) ¹	4(8) ¹	2
BTFSZ	2(4) ¹	4(8) ¹	2
BTFS	2(4) ¹	4(8) ¹	2
CALL	2	8	4
GOTO	2	8	4
RETFIE	2	8	4
RETLW	2	8	4
RETURN	2	8	4

¹ number of clock in case that result of operation is 0.

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PERFORMANCE

The following table gives a survey about the Core area and performance in **ASIC** devices (all key features have been included):

Technology	Optimization	Gates	F _{max}
0.18 typical	area	3 900	100 MHz
0.18 typical	speed	4 300	320 MHz

DELIVERABLES

- Source code:
 - VERILOG or VHDL Source Code
 - VERILOG or VHDL test bench environment

- Active-HDL automatic simulation macros
- ModelSim automatic simulation macros
- Tests with reference responses
- Technical documentation
 - Installation notes
 - HDL core specification
 - Datasheet
- Synthesis scripts
- Example application
- Netlist
 - Netlist for selected FPGA family
 - Sample FPGA project
 - Technical documentation
 - HDL core specification
 - Datasheet
- Technical support
 - IP Core implementation
 - 12 months maintenance
 - Delivery of the IP Core and documentation updates
 - Phone & email support
 - Design consulting

LICENSING

Comprehensible and clearly defined licensing methods without royalty-per-chip fees make use of our IP Cores easy and simple.

- **Single-Site license option** - dedicated to small and middle sized companies which run their business at one place.

- **Multi-Site license option** - dedicated to corporate customers which operate at several locations. The licensed product can be used at selected company branches.

In all cases the number of IP Core instantiations within a project and the number of manufactured chips are unlimited. There are no restrictions regarding the time of use.

There are two formats of the delivered IP Core that you can choose from:

- Verilog or VHDL RTL synthesizable source code (called HDL Source code)

- FPGA EDIF/NGO/NGD/QXP/VQM (called Netlist)

HDL Source code is suitable for ASIC and FPGA projects. The Netlist license is intended for FPGA projects only.

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